



# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	<b>01/01/07</b> AND	ENDING 12/31/07
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	N .
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ION P	ARTNERS, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
521 FIFTH AVENUE, SUI	•	
	(No. and Street)	- Alle, b
NEW YORK	N.Y.	10175
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P.  DEREK WITTENBERG	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	TO THIS REPORT (212) 286-5033
		(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	N
FEUER & ORLANDO, LLP		
250 DITTER AVENUE CUTT	(Name – if individual, state last, first, middle	name) N.Y. SEC 10118
350 FIFTH AVENUE - SUIT	PROCESSED	(State) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	MAR 0 G 2008	FLU & / Wing
☐ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	THOMSON FINANCIAL ted States or any of its possessions.	Washingto SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FEB 2 7 2008
	. C. C. IVINE OUL SITE!	BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS AND 04 EXAMINATIONS

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

3/1/08

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	DEREK WITTENBERG		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
m	y knowledge and belief the accompanying fi ION PARTNERS, LLC	nancial statement	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of . as
of	DECEMBER 31, 2007	, 20	are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	either the company nor any partner, propriet assified solely as that of a customer, except	or, principal offic	er or director has any proprietary interest in any account
_			
	Computation for Determination of the	NOTARY PUBLIC, QUALIFIED IN NO. 01 OXESY: COMMISSION E  addition. ' Equity or Partner bordinated to Clair erve Requirement or Control Require explanation of th Reserve Requiren	rs' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. ims of Creditors.  s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. rements Under Rule 15c3-3. e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Rep		st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# ION PARTNERS, LLC AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

## ION PARTNERS, LLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of Ion Partners, LLC New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Ion Partners, LLC at December 31, 2007 and the related statements of income, member's capital and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ion Partners, LLC at December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 11 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not required as part of the basic financial statements, but as supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

New York, New York

Hal WI

# ION PARTNERS, LLC BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **ASSETS**

Current Assets:		
Cash	\$	113,197
Accounts receivable		15,702
Prepaid expenses		2,084
Total Current Assets		130,983
Fixed Assets:		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		
and amortization of \$8,007		5,126
Art work		3,389
Total Fixed Assets		8,515
Other Assets:		
Security deposits		3,000
Total Assets	\$	142,498
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	681
Accrued expenses		7,331
Total Current Liabilities		8,012
Members' Capital		134,486
Total Liabilities and Members' Capital	<u>\$</u>	142,498

# ION PARTNERS, LLC STATEMENT OF INCOME YEAR INCOME DECEMBER 31, 2007

Income:		
Fee income		\$ 168,214
Reimbursed expenses		4,167
Total Income		172,381
Expense:		
Consulting	8,350	
Office, general and administrative	14,769	
Rent and occupancy	24,045	
Professional fees	10,990	
Regulatory fees	1,920	
Depreciation	2,290	
Total Expense		 62,364
Total Income from Operations		110,017
Other Income and (Expense):		
NYC Unincorporated business tax		(4,950)
Interest income		 1,565
Total Net Income before Extraordinary Item		106,632
Extraordinary Item:		
FINRA rebate		35,000
Net Income		\$ 141,632

# ION PARTNERS, LLC STATEMENT OF MEMBERS' CAPITAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

BEGINNING MEMBERS' CAPITAL		51,734
Net Income for the year		141,632
Capital withdrawn		(58,880)
ENDING MEMBERS' CAPITAL	\$	134,486

# ION PARTNERS, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

### **Cash Flow From Operating Activities:**

Net Income	\$	141,632
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,290
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		-
Accounts receivable		11,502
Prepaid expenses		869
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(4,375)
Cash provided by operating activities		151,918
Cash flows from Investing Activities:		
Fixed asset purchases		(3,373)
Cash flows from Financing Activities:		
Distributions to members		(58,880)
Increase in cash		89,665
Cash at Beginning of year		23,532
Cash at End of year	<u>\$</u>	113,197

#### ION PARTNERS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Ion Partners, L.L.C. (the "Company") is a limited liability company pursuant to the adoption of an operating agreement in the State of New York effective on August 8, 2003 and amended on April 12, 2006. The Company is primarily engaged in providing investment advisory services to its clients. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Company maintains its accounting records on the accrual basis.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenue as the related consulting services are provided.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade accounts receivable are limited due to the Company's ability to assess the credit worthiness of its clients. The Company does not currently see a concentrated credit risk associated with receivables. Repayment is dependent upon the financial stability of its clients.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company estimates uncollectibility of trade accounts receivable by analyzing historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. All accounts are current and deemed fully collectible.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, which is calculated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the related assets, primarily five years.

#### **Income Taxes**

Provisions for federal and state income taxes have not been recorded as the Company is taxed as a partnership. Under New York City tax regulations, limited liability companies are taxed on the income earned during the year. For the year ended December 31, 2007 the Company's New York City unincorporated business tax provision was \$4,950.

# ION PARTNERS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", the Partnership reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever circumstances and situations change such that there is an indication that the carrying amounts may not be recovered. In such circumstances, the Company will estimate the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Future cash flows are the future cash inflows expected to be generated by an asset less the future outflows expected to be necessary to obtain those inflows. If the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the Company will recognize an impairment loss to adjust to the fair value of the asset. Management believes that there are no impaired long-lived assets at December 31, 2007.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **NOTE 3 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

The Company's property and equipment and related accumulated depreciation and amortization consist of the following at December 31, 2007:

	Accumulated Depreciation and					
		Cost	-	mortizatio		_Net_
Computer and office equipment Artwork	\$ 	13,133 3,389	\$	8,007	\$	5,126 3,389
Total Property and Equipment	<u>\$_</u>	16,522	<u>\$</u>	8,007	<u>s</u>	<b>8,515</b>

#### ION PARTNERS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS**

The Company has no leases or commitments, which extend beyond the current operating cycle. The lease of its office space is pursuant to a sub-lease agreement providing for month-to-month rent expiring June 10, 2008.

#### **NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATIONS**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consisted principally of cash. The Company's cash balances exceeded the S.I.P.C. insured limit at certain times during the year. Management has placed these funds in a high quality institution in order to minimize the risk.

#### NOTE 6 – EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

On July 26, 2007, The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved a merger between The National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) and the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) Regulation division to create a new self-regulatory body, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). This merger resulted in FINRA issuing a one-time special payment of \$35,000 to its members.

#### **NOTE 7 - REGULATORY REQUIREMENT**

As a SEC registrant member of FINRA, the Company is subject to certain provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including Rule 15c3-1. This rule requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital balances and a certain ratio for aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined. The Company was in compliance with the provisions of this rule at December 31, 2007.

#### **NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

The Company and its landlord intend to move from their existing place after the expiration date but within the building premises.

# ION PARTNERS, LLC COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL, PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15c3-1 DECEMBER 31, 2007

Total members capital	\$	134,486		
Less non-allowance assets:				
Accounts receivable		(15,702)		
Fixed assets - net		(8,515)		
Prepaid expenses		(2,084)		
Security deposits		(3,000)		
Net Capital		105,185		
Minimum net capital requirement		(5,000)		
Net capital excess	<u>\$</u>	100,185		
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital				
at December 31, 2007		.07617:1		
Differences exist between the above computation and the Compa Unaudited Form XI 7a-5 Par IIA filed at December 31, 2007, which are deemed immaterial.	ny's c	orresponding		
Members Capital - unaudited filing	\$	125,980		
Add:				
Add: Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses		2,945		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses Increase in prepaid expense		2,945 2,084		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses		•		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses Increase in prepaid expense		2,084		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses Increase in prepaid expense Increase in fixed assets		2,084 4,851		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses Increase in prepaid expense Increase in fixed assets Increase in other assets		2,084 4,851		
Increase in accounts receivable and accrued expenses Increase in prepaid expense Increase in fixed assets Increase in other assets Less:		2,084 4,851 3,000		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# FEUER & ORLANDO, LLP

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

(A Partnership Including A Professional Corporation)

# ACCOUNTANTS' SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

To the Members of Ion Partners, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Ion Partners, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (including control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the proceeding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5 (g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use and information of the members, management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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New York, New York January 30, 2008

END